1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifiers
Product name : Goat’s Milk Silky Lotion Base, paraben free  
Product code :  
Brand : Rustic Escentuals

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses : General purpose body lotion

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company : Rustic Escentuals  
1050 Canaan Road  
Roebuck, SC 29376
Telephone : 864-582-9335
Fax : 864-582-9334
Emergency telephone number
Emergency Telephone # : 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
In case of medical emergencies, please contact your local poison control center.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification
Skin Irritation (Category 3), H316

GHS label elements
Pictogram : Not applicable.
Signal word : Warning

Hazard Statement(s)
H316 Causes mild skin irritation

Precautionary statement(s)
P332 + P 313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Other hazards : No information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stearic acid</td>
<td>57-11-4</td>
<td>0.5 – 5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs/persists.

In case of skin contact: Discontinue use of product. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs/persists. Wash clothing and shoes before reuse.

If swallowed: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical advice/attention if feeling unwell.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if feeling unwell.

Most important symptoms and effects, both and acute and delayed

None known.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Protection of first-aiders: No special precautions are necessary.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or alcohol-resistant foam. Tailor extinguishing media to surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur, and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Carbon oxides

Special protective actions for fire fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear, if necessary. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Always ensure adequate ventilation. No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Environmental Precautions
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

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**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue that can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Control Parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Exposure Limit</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyacrylate dusts</td>
<td>9003-01-4</td>
<td>0.05 mg m⁻³</td>
<td>Industry-recommended permissible exposure limit (PEL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glycerine (mist)</td>
<td>56-81-5</td>
<td>5 mg m⁻³</td>
<td>OSHA Table Z1 (Respirable Fraction)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg m⁻³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triethanolamine</td>
<td>102-71-6</td>
<td>5 mg m⁻³ (8 hr)</td>
<td>ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Exposure Controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**
Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Eyes/Face**
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquids splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side shields.

**Hands**
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufactures. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body**
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overall, boots, and gloves.

**Other skin protection**
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**
Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**
- Physical state: Liquid
- Clarity: Opaque
- Color: White to Off-White

**Odor**
- Characteristic odor.

**Odor Threshold**
- No data available.

**pH**
- No data available.

**Melting point/freezing point**
- No data available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling range**
- No data available.

**Flashpoint**
- No data available.

**Evaporation rate**
- No data available.

**Flammability (solid,gas)**
- No data available.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**
- No data available.

**Vapor pressure**
- No data available.

**Vapor density**
- No data available.

**Relative density**
- No data available.

**Solubility**
- No data available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**
- No data available.

**Auto-ignition temperature**
- No data available.

** Decomposition temperature**
- No data available.

**Viscosity**
- No data available.

**Explosive properties**
- No data available.

**Oxidizing properties**
- No data available.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
No data available.

Chemical Stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials
Oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products
Carbon oxides in fire conditions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity
Does not meet classification criteria. No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation
No data available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Does not meet classification criteria. No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization
No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available.

Carcinogenicity
No data available.

Reproductive toxicity
No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure
Does not meet classification criteria. No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure
No data available.
Aspiration hazard
No data available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Potential Health Effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>Irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signs or Symptoms of Exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity
No data available.

Persistence and degradability
No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available.

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvP assessment
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

Other adverse effects
No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Material should be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. Regulations vary by region. Avoid release into the soil, sewers, drains, and other waterways.

Contaminated packaging
Waste packaging should be recycled or reused whenever possible. If recycling is not feasible, contaminated packaging should be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. Regulations vary by region.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number
No data available.

UN Proper Shipping name
No data available.

Transport hazard class(es)
DOT(US) No data available.
IMDG : No data available.
IATA : No data available.

Packing group : No data available.
Environmental hazards : No data available.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA 8(b) Inventory
Polyacrylic acid, CAS Number 9003-01-4
Stearic acid, CAS number 57-11-4

SARA 302 Components
Safety assessment has not been carried out.

SARA 313 Components
Safety assessment has not been carried out.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
Safety assessment has not been carried out.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>California Prop. 65</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>Minnesota</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Version : 1.0
Revision Date : 11/01/2017
Revision History : Version Date Comment
1.0 11/01/2017 SDS Document Created
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